

CEPF Final Completion and Impact Report

Organization's Legal Name: Project Title: Grant Number:	Habituasi PEMBERDAYAAN MASYARAKAT NELAYAN PULAU TANA JAMPEA DI KABUPATEN SELAYAR MELALUI PEMETAAN POTENSI KELAUTAN PARTISIPATIF DAN PENGELOLAAN SDI SKALA KECIL BERKELANJUTAN CEPF-112169
Hotspot: Strategic Direction:	Wallacea II 3 Support sustainable natural resource management by communities in priority sites and corridors
Grant Amount: Project Dates: Date of Report:	April 30, 2021 - June 30, 2022

IMPLEMENTATION PARTNERS

CONSERVATION IMPACTS

Planned Long-Term Impacts: 3+ years (as stated in the approved proposal)

Impact Description	Impact Summary

Planned Short-Term Impacts: 1 to 3 years (as stated in the approved proposal)

Impact Description Impact Summary

Unexpected impacts (positive or negative)?

PROJECT RESULTS/DELIVERABLES

Overall results of the project:

Program telah melakukan pemetaan potensi kelautan secara partisipatif melalui serangkaian kegiatan assessmen dan penyusunan profil desa di 2 desa dampingan. Di tingkat masyarakat, belum terlihat dan dapat terukur perubahan perilaku dalam pengelolaan Sumber Daya Ikan (SDI) skala kecil yang berkelanjutan, namun sudah tampak keterlibatan masyarakat yang semakin meningkat dan adanya peningkatan pengetahuan.

Dalam 14 bulan program Peka Laut Jampea, nelayan menyatakan merasakan perubahan pengetahuan dan pengalaman dari program yang diikuti selama ini. Sekitar 59% nelayan binaan merasakan perubahan pengetahuan dan pengalaman selama mengikuti rangkaian program. 15% nelayan mendapatkan pengetahuan tentang hasil olahan, 15% nelayan mengalami peningkatan pengetahuan tentang biota laut penting yang dilindungi, 6% nelayan mendapatkan pengalaman komunikasi dari kegiatan survey wawancara yang dilakukan, dan ada 6% nelayan yang belum merasakan perubahan dari dirinya.

Results for each deliverable:

Comp	ponent	Deliverable		
#	Description	#	Description	Results for Deliverable

Tools, products or methodologies that resulted from the project or contributed to the results:

1. Metode Rapid Assessment through Scuba Underwater Photo Transek (UPT) and Underwater Visual Census (UVC).

2. menggunakan Landscape & Livelihood (LL) Analysis dan Habituasi Verification Tools (HVT).

PORTFOLIO INDICATORS

Portfolio Indicator Number	Portfolio Indicator Description	Expected Numerical Contribution	Expected Contribution Description	Actual Numerical Contribution	Actual Contribution Description
1	At least 20 KBAs are better managed or protected by the end of the program	1	IDN142 - Perairan Tana Jampea	1	IDN142 KBA Perairan Tana Jampea
2	At least 10,000 ha of production landscape (marine and coastal ecosystems) under improved/ sustainable management practices	0			
1.1	The main threats to at least three priority marine species have been reduced at one key site for each species	1	reduced threats to Giant Clam Tridacna gigas, through awareness and improving small-scale fisheries practice		
2.1	Management of at least ten legally established MPAs is				

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Portfolio Indicator Number	Portfolio Indicator Description	Expected Numerical Contribution	Expected Contribution Description	Actual Numerical Contribution	Actual Contribution Description
	enhanced through capacity building and collaboration with community or private sector stakeholders				
2.2	At least five unprotected marine KBAs are protected through the establishment of new official MPAs				
3.1	Community management institutions strengthened, and plans for management of coastal and marine resources adopted, by communities in at least 15 sites				
3.2	At least five communities apply limits to promote the sustainability of supply of marine resources (e.g. gear limits, quotas, zoning)	2	communities of Labuang Pamajang and Kembang Ragi villages	2	communities of Labuang Pamajang and Kembang Ragi villages
3.3	At least three private sector companies agreed to support conservation actions for MPA				

Portfolio Indicator Number	Portfolio Indicator Description	Expected Numerical Contribution	Expected Contribution Description	Actual Numerical Contribution	Actual Contribution Description
	management and species protection				
4.1	Management and protection of at least 10 existing community-based MPAs is strengthened				
4.2	At least 15 communities create new MPAs/no-take zones to protect key marine resources				
6.1	75% of new grantees show an improvement in management capacity as a result of engagement with CEPF	1	Habituasi	1	Habituasi
6.2	At least 75% of approved grants for community-based work specifically address the gender implications of the project	1	Habituasi	1	Habituasi
6.3	There is active networking between grantees on at least one key theme in at least three of the priority corridors (GI8)				

GLOBAL INDICATORS

Protected Areas

Protected areas that have been created and/or expanded as a result of the project. Protected areas may include private or community reserves, municipal or provincial parks, or other designations where biodiversity conservation is an official management goal.

	WDPA ID*	Latitude	Longitude	Country		New Protected Hectares ***	Year of Legal Declaration or Expansion
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*World Database of Protected Areas

**If this is a new protected area, 0 should appear in this column

*** This column excludes the original total size of the protected area.

Key Biodiversity Area Management

Key Biodiversity Areas (KBAs) under improved management—where tangible results have been achieved to support conservation—as a result of the project.

KBA Name	KBA Code	Size of KBA	Number of Hectares with
			Improved
			Management

Production Landscapes

Production landscapes with strengthened management of biodiversity as a result of the project.

A production landscape is defined as a site outside a protected area where commercial agriculture, forestry or natural product exploitation occurs.

lame of Latitude roduction andscape	Longitude	Hectares Strengthened	Intervention
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Benefits to Individuals

• Structured Training:

Number of Men Trained	Number of Women Trained	Topics of Training
9	43	

• Cash Benefits:

Number of Men - Cash Benefits	Description of Benefits

Benefits to Communities

View the characteristics column below with the following	View the benefits column below with the following
corresponding codes:	corresponding codes:
1- Small Landowners	a. Increased Access to Clean Water
2- Subsistence Economy	b. Increased Food Security
3- Indigenous/ Ethnic Peoples	c. Increased Access to Energy
4- Pastoralists / Nomadic Peoples	d. Increased Access to Public Services
5- Recent Migrants	e. Increased Resilience to Climate Change
6- Urban Communities	f. Improved Land Tenure
7- Other	g. Improved Use of Traditional Knowledge
	h. Improved Decision-Making
	i. Improved Access to Ecosystem Services

Community Name					unit erist	-	5		Type of Benefit			Country	Number of Males Benefitting	Females					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i		_	

Characteristics of "Other" Communities:

Policies, Laws and Regulations

View the topics column below with the following corresponding codes:							
A- Agriculture E- Energy I- Planning/Zoning M- Tourism							
B- Climate	F- Fisheries	J- Pollution	N- Transportation				
C- Ecosystem Management	G- Forestry	K- Protected Areas	O- Wildlife Trade				
D- Education	H- Mining and Quarrying	L- Species Protection	P- Other				

No.	Name of Law	Scope							Top	oice	5						
			A B	С	D	Ε	F	G	Η	Ι	J	Κ	L	Μ	Ν	0	Ρ

"Other" Topics Addressed by the Policy, Law or Regulation:

No.	Country/ Countries	Date Enacted/ Amended	Expected impact	Action Performed to Achieve the Enactment/ Amendment
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Companies Adopting Biodiversity-friendly Practices

A company is defined as a for-profit business entity. A biodiversity-friendly practice is one that conserves or uses natural resources in a sustainable manner.

Name of Company	Description of Biodiversity-Friendly Practice	Country/Countries where Practice was
		Adopted

Networks and Partnerships

Networks/partnerships should have some lasting benefit beyond immediate project implementation. Informal networks/partnerships are acceptable.

Name of	Year	Country/	Established	Purpose
Network/Partnership	Established	Countries	by Project?	

Sustainable Financing

Sustainable financing mechanisms generate funding for the long-term (generally five or more years). These include, but are not limited to, conservation trust funds, debt-for-nature swaps, payment for ecosystem services (PES) schemes, and other revenue, fee or tax schemes that generate long-term funding for conservation.

Name of Mechanism	Purpose	Date Established	Description	Country/ Countries	Project Intervention	Delivery of
						Funds?

Globally Threatened Species

Globally threatened species (CR, EN, VU) on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species, benefitting from the project.

Genus	Species	Common Name	Status	Intervention	Population Trend
		(English)			at Site

LESSONS LEARNED

SUSTAINABILITY/REPLICATION

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS/STANDARDS

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS/RECOMMENDATIONS

ADDITIONAL FUNDING

Total Amount of Additional Funding Actually Secured	
(USD)	
Breakdown of	
Additional Funding	

INFORMATION SHARING AND CEPF POLICY

CEPF is committed to transparent operations and to helping civil society groups share experiences, lessons learned and results. For more information about this project, you may contact the organization and/or individual listed below.